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Park, Clonee



An emusifiable concentrate containing 120g/L clethodim.

A post emergence herbicide for the control of annual grass weeds in winter oilseed rape and sugar beet

Clayton GATSO. Contains 120g/L clethodim. UFI: YFHY-Q14C-2005-3. *K

DANGER



May be fatal if swr.owed and enters airways. May cause drow, her or dizziness.

Toxic to aquatic line with $^{\prime}$ agalasting effects.

Wer protective gloves/r ... tive clothing /eye protection/face pi tection. Use only outdoor r in well- entilated

area. Avoid release to the enconment.

IF SW/ L WED: Immediately call a POISON CEN BE or doctor/ physician.

Do 'OT induce vomiting. Col ct spillage.

Sto e lo ked up.

Dis, see of contents/container to a licensed azardous waste disposal contractor or collection site except for triple rinsed empty containers which can be disposed of as nonhazardous waste.

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container.

Do not clean application equipment near surface water.

Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads.

Contains clethodim. May produce an allergic reaction. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use. PCS 06775

IMPORTANT INFORMATION: For professional use only. For use only as an agricultural herbicide			
Crop	Maximum individual r'ose of roduct	Maximum number of applications	Latest time of application
'Vinter Oncoed rape	1 l/ha	1 per crop	Before the beginning of stem elongation and 120 days before harvest
Sugar beet Fodder beet	1 l/ha	1 per crop	Before row closure and 56 days before harvest

Other specific restrictions: To avoid the build-up of resistance do not apply products containing an ACCase inhibitor herbicide more than twice to any crop. In addition, do not use this product in mixture or sequence with any other product containing clethodim.



STORE IN A COOL DRY PLACE PROTECT FROM FROST SHAKE THOROUGHLY BEFORE POURING

In the event of an emergency, call the National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital: 01-8092166 or 01 8379964

DIRECTIONS FOR USE OF CLAYTON GATSO

IMPORTANT: This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be read carefully in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

INTRODUCTION

Clayton Gatso is a systemic, selective, non-residual herbicide for the post-emergence control of annual grass weeds in a range of broad-leaved crops. After application the compound is rajidly absorbed by the treated plant parts and is readily translocated to the root system and to the aerial growing parts of the plant. Typical symptoms on susceptible grass weeds visible 1-2 weeks after application are stunting of growth and yellowing of leaves of the treated plants, followed by plant death.

WHEN TO SPRAY - Only weeds which have emerged at the time of application will be controlled. The optimum timing of application is from 3 leaves to beginning of tillering for annual grass weeds, For annual grass weeds, sufficient foliage should have emerged to absorb the spray. It is important also to apply when the weeds have not yet begun to compete with the crop. Clayton Gatso can be used on all soil types.

WEED CONTROL

SPECIES	RATE OF APPLICATION	TIMING OF APPLICATION (weed stage)
Black-grass Volunteer wheat Volunteer barley Annual meadow-grass	1.0 litre per hectare	3 fully expanded leaves until the weeds have five tillers. On annual meadow-grass, the optimal stage of application is 3 fully expanded leaves and beginning of tillering.

Do not cultivate for at least two weeks after application to allow time for transloction to occur. Leave a longer interval (up to 3 weeks) if growing conditions are por-

RESISTANCE

Strains of some annual grasses (e.g. Black-grass, Wild Oats, and It-lian In egrass) hive developed resistance to herbicides, which may lead to poor confluit. A stration for preventing and managing such resistance should be adopted found if is have been produced by the Weed Resistance Action Group and copies are an able from the HGCA, CPA, your distributor, crool adviser or product manufact after.

This product contains clethodim which is an ACCase, whibit " also classified by the Herbicide Resistance Action Committee as "Grum A". Using as part of a resistance management strategy that includes cultural, eithods of cu. "of and does not." ACCase inhibitors as the sole chemical method of g. (ss." or c. throit.

Applying a second product containing an ACCase inhibit if to a crop will increase the risk of resistance development; only use a second ACC inhibitor to control of ferent veries at a different timing.

Clayton Gatso may control some resistant populations of black as a some other ACCase inhibitors. Do not use reduced doses of Clayton G, so or grasswows where resistance is suspected.

Populations of annual grasses may show resistance to Clayton Gat b^{-1} id will not be fully controlled. It is recommended to adopt a long-term strategy integraing cultural and chemical measures.

The following are the key elements of the resistance management strategy:

- Always follow WRAG guidelines for preventing and managing herbicide resistant weeds,

- Maximise the use of cultural control measures wherever possible (e.g. crop rotation, ploughing, delayed drilling etc.)

- Use tank mixes or sequences of effective herbicides with different modes of action within individual crops, or successive crops.

- To reduce the risk of developing resistance applications of **Clayton Gatso** should be made to young, actively growing weeds.

Identify as much as possible the herbicides to which your grass weeds are resistant.
This can help you to determine the most appropriate herbicides to use.

- Monitor fields regularly and investigate the reasons for any poor control.

RECOMMENDATIONS BY CROP

Avoid overlapping spray swaths as crop damage and reduced yields could result. Do not spray if rain or frost is expected, or if the foliage is wet.

Do not spray in very windy conditions and ensure that spray does not drift onto neighbouring vegetation, especially susceptible types such as cereals (maize particularly) and grasses.

The use of drift reducing nozzle types should be taken as a matter of course to avoid spray drift on adjacent areas, particularly if the product is used on fields adjacent to young cereal crops.

After application **Clayton Gatso** requires at least 1 hours without rain for uptake to be complete.

Oilseed rape (winter): It is commended to apply Clayton Gatso at 1 L/ha from the 4 true leaf stage furing a period when grass weeds and crop are growing actively in the autumn.

Do not a Clavto. Satso after the end of October.

Avoid later oplications after mid-October) to earlier flowering or maturing varieties of oil sed rape (c or above) and to crops drilled on or before 25th August.

void as y other exemical application in 14 days before or after an application of L. un Gate 2.

Do n, apr, immediately aft, pe, of fristy weather. In case of frost occurring some or 's after application, phytotoxic, ffects could be observed on the crop.

Sugar and Fodder ber .: C: , 'on watso can be applied at 1.0 L/ha when the crop has ally expanded co., 'edo.s c first saves until before row closure.

MIXING AN' SP. ArinG

Half fill the spray onk with clean water and start the agitation. Shake the container well before use and pour in the required amount of product. Rinse and empty containers thorong in a dad the washings to the spray tank. Add the remainder of the water and contil use the initiation until spraying is completed.

ply "lavt in Gatso by tractor mounted hydraulic sprayer.

Ap, ⁱcation should be made in water volumes of 200-400 litres per hectare. Application should be made using a FINE or MEDIUM spray as defined by BCPC. **Clayton Gatso** does not require the addition of any adjuvant.

FOLLOWING CROPS

Broadleaved crops may be sown at any time following normally harvested crops or the failure of a crop treated with **Clayton Gatso**. It is recommended to wait at least 4 weeks before sowing wheat, barley or maize after a crop treated with **Clayton Gatso**. Soil should be thoroughly cultivated to a depth of 20 cm before sowing.

WARNINGS

Consult processors before using on crops grown for processing. Prevent drift onto crops and plants outside of the target area, especially susceptible graminaceous plants.

Do not apply to crops suffering from stress such as frost, pest or disease attack, previous herbicide treatments, or if rain or frost is expected, or crops of low vigour. Allow at least 14 days between application of **Clayton Gatso** and other herbicides.

CONDITIONS OF SUPPLY

All goods supplied by us are of high quality and we believe them to be correct but, as we cannot exercise control over their storage, handling, mixing or use, or weather conditions before, during and after application which may affect the performance of the goods, all conditions and warranties, statutory or otherwise, as to the quality or fitness for any purpose of our goods are excluded, and no responsibility will be accepted by us or resellers for any failure in performance, damage or injury whatsoever arising from their storage, handling, application or use. These conditions cannot be varied by our staff or agents whether or not they supervise or assist in the use of such goods.